



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Information on the investment fund	3
Investment Management Company report	4
Report on the Engagement Policy implementation	6
Statement of responsibility of the Board of the investment management company	7
Custodian report	8
Financial statements:	
Statement of assets and liabilities	9
Statement of income and expenses	10
Statement of changes in net assets	11
Statement of cash flows	12
Notes to the financial statements	13
Auditors' report	23



INFORMATION ON THE INVESTMENT FUND

Name of the Fund:

Registration date of the Fund:

Type of the Fund:
Name of the Sub-fund:
Number of the Sub-fund:
Sub-fund ISIN:

Investment management company name: Investment management company's registered office:

Investment management company's registration number:

Number of the license for investment management company operations:

Name of the Fund's Custodian:

Registered office of the Fund's Custodian: Registration number of the Fund's Custodian:

Investment management company's Council and Board members and their positions:

CBL Opportunities Funds
24 August 2007
Investment fund with sub-funds
CBL Optimal Opportunities Fund – EUR

FFL70 LV0000400398

CBL Asset Management IPAS

Republikas laukums 2a, Riga LV-1010, Latvia

40003577500

06.03.07.098/367

Citadele banka AS

Republikas laukums 2a, Riga LV-1010, Latvia 40103303559

Council of the investment management company: Chairperson of the Council – Vaidas Žagūnis, appointed on 03.08.2021
Chairperson of the Council – Vladimirs Ivanovs, resigned on 03.08.2021
Deputy Chairperson of the Council – Vladimirs Ivanovs appointed on 03.08.2021
Deputy Chairperson of the Council – Vaidas Žagūnis, resigned on 03.08.2021
Member of the Council - Blohmé Nils Magnus Göran, appointed on 03.08.2021

Member of the Council - Peter Meier, resigned on 03.08.2021

Board of the investment management company: Chairperson of the Board – Kārlis Purgailis Board Member – Zigurds Vaikulis Board Member – Andris Kotāns Board Member – Lolita Sičeva

Rights and responsibilities related to investment fund management:

The Council and the Board members shall perform all duties prescribed in laws and regulations of the Republic and in the Articles of Association of the investment management company

Fund Managers: Zigurds Vaikulis Reinis Gerasimovs

Rights and responsibilities related to the Fund management:

The Fund Manager perform all duties prescribed in laws and regulations of the Republic of Latvia, in the Articles of Association of the investment management company and in the prospectus of the Fund

Rainers Vilāns Certified Auditor Certificate No 200

KPMG Baltics AS Vesetas iela 7 Riga, LV-1013, Latvia Licence No 55

Auditors:



INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT COMPANY REPORT

The manager of the sub-fund CBL Optimal Opportunities Fund – EUR of the investment fund CBL Opportunities Funds (hereinafter the Fund) is the investment management company CBL Asset Management, registered office Republikas laukums 2a, Riga, LV-1010 (hereinafter the Company). The Company was established on 11 January 2002 under registration number 40003577500 with license number 06.03.07.098/367 for investment management services.

The investment objective of the Fund is to achieve long-term capital appreciation by investing in Share Certificates (Units) of investment funds registered in Latvia or other European Union Member States or into securities equivalent to them. Investments can be made into money market, bond, balanced and equity funds as well as into ETFs and equity securities traded on regulated markets of Member States and OECD Member States without any industry limitations. The share of equity funds in the portfolio may amount to up to 70% of the Fund's assets.

In the reporting period, the Fund's net assets increased by EUR 3,921,113 or 80.57% and totalled EUR 8,787,554 at the end of the year. As at 31 December 2021, gross asset value amounted to EUR 8,796,798. At the same time, the value of the unit of the Fund in 2021 increased by EUR 0.78, reaching EUR 13.03. The Fund overall return in 2021 was 6.37% in terms of euros.

The world spent the year 2021 in the shadow of the pandemic, but the global economy got over each successive wave of the virus more easily. Thanks to massive fiscal and monetary stimulus, the global economy recovered from the pandemic shock at a record pace. Many countries around the world were able to reach and even exceed their pre-virus economic output levels by 2021, providing a relatively robust growth base for the following year.

Low unemployment and sustained wage growth kept labour markets hot in Western countries, households and businesses borrowed freely from banks and markets and spent actively. The manufacturing sector, operating at full capacity, was unable to keep up with this spending frenzy, and production and supply chains remained stretched throughout last year. Producer and consumer price inflation continued to accelerate during the year, with inflation reaching multi-decade highs by the end of 2021. While in the first half of the year the acceleration in inflation was largely driven by a pick-up in input prices after a dip in the early part of the pandemic, in the second half of the year price pressures became more pervasive. Strong demand, alongside with excessive fiscal and monetary stimulus, pushed up core inflation as well.

In the second half of 2021, inflation became a political issue and Central Banks could no longer stay aside. Within a year, the US Federal Reserve dramatically changed its view on inflation persistence and the required monetary stance. Even in late 2020, the Fed expected base rates in the US to remain near zero at least until the end of 2023. A year later, the Fed was already forecasting eight base rate hikes in three years, expecting the US base rate to be above 2% by the end of 2024. The Fed also announced plans to start shrinking its nearly USD 9 trillion balance, which had more than doubled since the start of the pandemic. Unlike the Fed, the European Central Bank continued to defy the numerous economic and financial market indications throughout 2021, which called for a looser monetary policy also in the euro area.

Base rate expectations in the US and the euro area continued to rise in line with inflation, and government bond yields rose along with them. This had a significant impact on the performance of the bond segment during 2021, with safer bond segments significantly underperforming. In the past period, US government bonds recorded their first negative performance since 2013. Speculative-grade bonds in the US and Europe continued to benefit from the fall in risk premium and ended the year up 3-4% on average in hedged euro terms. The all-round surge in equity prices that started in spring 2020 continued in Western countries throughout 2021. Although volatility in stock markets intensified in the final months of the year, this did not prevent Western stock markets from closing the year with new price records and averaging a 23% increase in euro-hedged terms during the year. At the same time, emerging markets lagged significantly recording a slight decline during last year when their performance was more negatively impacted by developments in the Chinese real estate market and the Chinese government's direct interference in certain sectors of the economy. Over the year, the dollar strengthened by 7% against the euro, reflecting the more aggressive stance of the Fed compared to the ECB.

The year 2022 started with a sharp rise in benchmark rates in Western countries and a correction in global stock markets. Those segments that had the strongest price growth over the past two years have seen relatively sharper price declines. Key risks to positive future financial market returns could include more persistent and higher inflation than currently forecast. This could force Central Banks to act even more aggressively, with monetary policy becoming tighter. This in turn could not only further depress the bond segment performance, but also encourage to continue lowering/ driving down estimates for equity segments. If economic activity starts to slow sharply as a result of tighter monetary policy, this could also have a negative impact on corporate profits, putting even more pressure on equity prices. On the positive side, the market correction since the beginning of the year has already improved stock market valuations and future return potential for bond segments. Provided that the business environment remains relatively supportive, this could renew investor interest in investing in risk assets.

During the reporting period, the following changes took place in the Fund. At the end of the year, the share of funds invested in bond funds was 61.15% of the Fund's net asset value, which is 1.32 percentage points (pp) less than at the beginning of the year. The share of equity funds has increased by 0.58 pp to 35.24% of the Fund's net asset value. Cash available for investment constitutes 3.71% of net assets. All existing funds are registered in an EU member state. The majority (44.71%) is invested in Luxembourg-registered funds alongside with some investment funds registered in Latvia and Ireland.



During the reporting period, the total management costs amounted to EUR 78,102, which did not exceed the maximum amount of 1.70% outlined in the Fund's prospectus. The investment management company fee totalled EUR 63,659, custodian fee – EUR 12,062, other management expenses - EUR 2,381. In 2021, the Fund's ongoing charge figure was 1.11% of the Fund's average net asset value. The prospectuses of the investment funds managed by the Company do not provide for performance fees.

As of the last day of the reporting year until the date of signing these financial statements there have been no significant events of material effect on the Fund's financial position.

The Fund Manager will closely follow global market developments. In order to adjust the structure of the Fund with regard to the assessment of the current and expected situation, changes will be made mainly in the share of investments in equity funds.

or the Board of the Investment Managen	nent Company:	
Kārlis Purgailis	Zigurds Vaikulis	Reinis Gerasimovs
Chairperson of the Board	Fund Manager	Fund Manager

^{*}This document is signed electronically with a secure electronic signature and contains a time-stamp.



REPORT ON THE ENGAGEMENT POLICY IMPLEMENTATION

The Company is involved in managing the entities in which the Fund has invested by exercising their voting rights, particularly, where the Fund holds at least 5% of their total.

In the reporting period, the Fund Manager did not exercise their voting rights at the General Meetings of the Company's shareholders and/or bondholders.

the Board of the Investment Manager	ment Company:	
Kārlis Purgailis	Zigurds Vaikulis	Reinis Gerasimovs
Chairperson of the Board	Fund Manager	Fund Manager

Riga, 29 April 2022 *This document is signed electronically with a secure electronic signature and contains a time-stamp.



STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY OF THE BOARD OF THE INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT COMPANY

The Board of Investment Management Company (hereinafter - the Company) is responsible for preparation of financial statements of the sub-fund CBL Optimal Opportunities Fund – EUR of the investment fund CBL Opportunities Funds (hereinafter - the Fund).

The financial statements on pages 9 through 22 are prepared based on source documents and present fairly the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2021 and the results of its operations in 2021.

Financial statements mentioned above are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards adopted by the European Union, as required by the regulation of the Financial and Capital Market Commission (FCMC) On preparation of annual reports, consolidated annual reports and semi-annual reports of investment fund and open alternative investment fund on a going concern basis. Appropriate accounting methods have been consistently applied in the reporting period. Prudent and reasonable judgments and estimates have been made by the Management in the preparation of the financial statements.

The Board of the Company is responsible for the maintenance of proper accounting records, the safeguarding of CBL Optimal Opportunities Fund – EUR assets and the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. The Board is also responsible for ensuring compliance with the Law on Investment Management Companies, regulations of the Financial and Capital Market Commission and other laws and regulations of the Republic of Latvia.

For the Board of the Investment Management Company:

Kārlis Purgailis Chairperson of the Board

Riga, 29 April 2022

*This document is signed electronically with a secure electronic signature and contains a time-stamp.



DATE: AS STATED IN THE TIME STAMP OF THE ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE

CUSTODIAN BANK REPORT

For the period form 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021

To the holders of CBL Opportunities Funds Investment Fund sub-fund CBL Optimal Opportunities Fund - EUR Share Certificates

AS Citadele banka, registered with the Enterprise Register of the Republic of Latvia on 30 June 2010 with No. 40103303559, registered office: Republikas laukums 2a, Riga, hereby confirms the following:

- in accordance with the custody agreement concluded on 7 April 2017 (hereinafter the Custody Agreement), AS Citadele banka (hereinafter the Custodian) performs custodian's duties for the investment fund CBL Opportunities Funds' sub-fund CBL Optimal Opportunities Fund EUR (hereinafter the Fund) established by the company IPAS CBL Asset Management (hereinafter the Company);
- the Custodian performs the functions of the Fund's custodian pursuant to the Law on Investment Management Companies and other laws and regulations applicable to the Custodian (hereinafter the Law).

The Custodian is responsible for the performance of obligations set forth for it in the Law and in the Custodian Agreement. The main duties of the Custodian include:

- holding the Fund's assets in accordance with the Law and the Custodian Agreement;
- ensuring the maintenance of the Fund's accounts, receiving and executing the Company's orders, as well as settlement of the orders according to requirements of the Law and the Custodian Agreement;
- ensuring that the value of Fund's net assets and Fund Share Certificates is estimated in accordance with requirements of the Law, Regulations of Financial and Capital Market Commission, Fund prospectus and the Fund Management Rules;
- ensuring that issue, sale or repurchase of the Fund Share Certificates is effected in compliance with requirements of the Law, Fund's prospectus and the Fund Management Rules.
- ensuring that Fund income is allocated in accordance with the Law, the Fund prospectus and the Fund Management Rules.

During the period from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 according to the information provided to the Custodian by the Company:

- Issue, sale and repurchase of the Fund Share Certificates were effected in compliance with requirements of the Law, Fund prospectus and the Fund Management Rules;
- Fund assets were held in accordance with requirements of the Law and the Custodian Agreement;
- the value of Fund's net assets was assessed in accordance with requirements of the Law, Regulations of Financial and Capital Market Commission, Fund prospectus and the Fund Management Rules;
- the Company's orders, as well as transactions executed with the Fund's assets were performed in accordance with the Law, Fund prospectus, the Fund Management Rules and the Custodian Agreement.

Member of the Management Board

Valters Ābele

THIS DOCUMENT IS SIGNED ELECTRONICALLY WITH SECURE ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE AND CONTAINS A TIME STAMP



STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	Notes	31.12.2021.	31.12.2020.
Assets		·	
Due on demand from credit institutions	3	326,278	145,699
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			
Share certificates of investment funds and similar securities	4	8,470,520	4,726,643
Total assets		8,796,798	4,872,342
Liabilities			
Deferred income and accrued expenses	5	(9,244)	(5,901)
Total liabilities		(9,244)	(5,901)
Net assets		8,787,554	4,866,441

The accompanying notes on pages 12 through 22 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For the Board of the Investment Management Company:

Kārlis Purgailis Chairperson of the Board

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STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENSES

	Notes	31.12.2021.	31.12.2020.
Expenses for the reporting period			
Remuneration to investment management company and manager		(63,659)	(51,909)
Custodian fee		(12,062)	(9,835)
Other Fund management expenses		(2,381)	(3,094)
Total expenses		(78,102)	(64,838)
Increase in investment value			
Realized increase in investment value	6	5,141	71,004
Unrealized increase in investment value	7	475,033	393,812
Total increase in investments		480,174	464,816
Increase in net assets from investments		402,072	399,978

The accompanying notes on pages 12 through 22 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For the Board of the Investment Management Company:

Kārlis Purgailis Chairperson of the Board

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	2021	2020
Net assets at the beginning of the reporting year	4,866,441	6,114,621
Increase in net assets from investment	402,072	399,978
Transactions with share certificates and units		
Inflow from sale of share certificates and units	3,773,348	703,843
Outflow on redemption of share certificates and units	(254,307)	(2,352,001)
Increase/(decrease) in net assets from transactions with share certificates		
and units	3,519,041	(1,648,158)
Net asset increase/(decrease) in the reporting year	3,921,113	(1,248,180)
Net assets at the end of the reporting year	8,787,554	4,866,441
Number of share certificates and units at the beginning of the reporting period	397,400	544,223
Number of share certificates and units at the end of the reporting period	674,254	397,400
Net assets per share certificate and unit at the beginning of the reporting year	12.25	11.24
Net assets per share certificate and unit at the end of the reporting year	13.03	12.25

The accompanying notes on pages 12 through 22 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For the Board of the Investment Management Company:

Kārlis Purgailis Chairperson of the Board

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Notes	2021	2020
Cash flow from/to operating activities		·	
Investment management expenses		(74,758)	(66,233)
Acquisition of investments		(3,390,639)	(168,600)
Sale/ disposal of investments	6, 8	126,935	1,693,592
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents from		·	
operating activities		(3,338,462)	1,458,759
Cash flow from/to financing activities		·	
Inflow from sale of share certificates		3,773,348	703,843
Outflow on redemption of share certificates		(254,307)	(2,352,001)
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents from			
financing activities		3,519,041	(1,648,158)
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents, net		180,579	(189,399)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting			
year		145,699	335,098
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting year		326,278	145,699

The accompanying notes on pages 12 through 22 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For the Board of the Investment Management Company:

Kārlis Purgailis Chairperson of the Board

Riga, 29 April 2022 *This document is signed electronically with a secure electronic signature and contains a time-stamp.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Name of the Fund: CBL Opportunities Funds
Type of the Fund: Investment fund with sub-funds

Scope of the Fund: The investment objective is to achieve long-term capital appreciation by investing

in share certificates (units)of investment funds registered in Latvia or other European Union Member States or into securities equivalent to them. Investments can be made into money market, bond, balanced and equity funds as well as into ETFs and equity securities traded on regulated markets of Member States and

OECD Member States without any industry limitations.

Name of the Sub-fund: CBL Optimal Opportunities Fund – EUR

Scope of the Fund: Under normal market conditions, the Sub-fund's assets may be invested up to

100% in share certificates of investment funds and up to 40% in equity securities or in share certificates of the investment funds, which invest in equity securities,

incl. ETFs.

Investment management CBL Asset Management IPAS (hereinafter - the Company)

company name: Republikas laukums 2a, Riga, LV-1010, Latvia

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of IF CBL Optimal Opportunities Fund - EUR (hereinafter - the Fund) are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (IFRS) and as required by the regulation of the Financial and Capital Market Commission (FCMC) On Preparation of Annual Reports, Consolidated Annual Reports and Semi-Annual Reports of Investment Fund and Open Alternative Investment Fund.

The financial statements are prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

The monetary unit used in the financial statements is the euro (EUR), the official currency of the Republic of Latvia and the Fund's functional and reporting currency. The financial statements cover the period 1 January 2021 through 31 December 2021. Opening balances of Statement of assets and liabilities as at 1 January 2021 agree with the closing balances of the published financial statements for the year 2020.

Functional and reporting currency

Financial accounting of the Fund is carried out in the euros, which is the Fund's reporting and functional currency.

Significant estimates and assumptions

Preparation of financial statements in compliance with IFRS requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures in the financial statements at the date of financial statements, as well as income and expenses recognized in the reporting period. Moreover, when preparing the financial statements, the management of the Company has to make assumptions and judgments to apply the Fund's accounting policy.

The most significant estimates and assumptions relate to determination of fair value of financial assets.

Income and expense recognition

All interest income and expenses are recognized on an accrual basis.

For assets or liabilities stated at amortized cost, interest income and expenses are recognized in the statement of income and expenses under the effective interest method. An effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts future cash flows of the financial instrument through the estimated useful life of the respective financial asset or liability. For financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, interest income is recognized on an accrual basis without applying the effective interest rate.

Remuneration for the Fund's management and Custodian fee is calculated as a certain part of the value of Fund's assets, accrued on a daily basis but paid out on a monthly basis.

Foreign currency revaluation

Transactions in foreign currencies are revaluated into euro at the foreign exchange rate stated by the European Central Bank as at the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are revaluated into euro according to the foreign exchange rate stated by the European Central Bank as at the end of the last day of the reporting period. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are revaluated into functional currency at the exchange rate at the date when the fair value was determined.

The exchange rates (foreign currency units against the EUR) stated by the European Central Bank that were mainly applied when preparing the statement of assets and liabilities of the fund were as follows:

<u>Currency</u> 31.12.2021. 31.12.2020. USD 1.1326 1.2271

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise the Fund's current account balances and other short term high liquidity investments with original maturity of less than 3 months.



Financial instruments

The Company recognizes a financial asset when, and only when, the Company becomes a party to the contract. Financial assets are classified as either measured at amortized cost or at fair value through profit or loss. The basis for classification is both business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. At acquisition the applicable classification is evaluated based on the guidelines established by the Company. To classify a financial asset to a particular category, the Company at inception determines whether the asset meets the relevant business model and contractual cash flow criteria. The business model is revealed through the activities of the Company. It stems from the Company's typical way of managing its financial assets in order to generate cash flows; thus, the assessment is not performed on the basis of scenarios that the Company does not reasonably expect to occur. In a stress case, if cash flows are recovered in a way that is different from the Company's expectations embedded in the business model, it does not give rise to a prior period error nor does it change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model. However, for future acquisitions historical cash flows are considered and may give rise to changes in the business model.

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs, except in the case of financial assets stated at fair value through profit or loss. All "regular way" purchases and sales of investments are recognized using settlement date accounting. The settlement date is the date when an asset is delivered to or by the Company. Settlement date accounting refers to the recognition of an asset on the day it is transferred to the Company and to the de-recognition of an asset, on the day that it is transferred by the Company.

Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income. Given the specifics of the Fund's activities, most of the financial assets are classified under this category as the Fund's business model is designed to increase the net asset value as a result of holding or trading of financial assets. For equity instruments that would otherwise be measured at fair value through profit or loss an irrevocable election at initial recognition on instrument-by-instrument basis is made to present subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income. Also a financial asset or liability, at initial recognition, may be irrevocably designated as measured at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces "accounting mismatch" that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognizing the gains and losses on them on different bases, or when a group of financial liabilities or a group of financial assets and financial liabilities are managed and its performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the group is provided internally on that basis to the management.

Excluding interest on interest rate swaps, interest on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss is included in net interest income. Revaluation and trading gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of financial assets or financial liabilities that are measured at fair value through profit or loss, as well as interest on interest rate swaps, are recognized directly in the statement of income as net financial income. Such financial assets and liabilities are subsequently re-measured at fair value based on available market prices or broker quotes.

Included in this category are certain life insurance contract liabilities, which are managed and evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy.

Financial assets and liabilities which are held for trading are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets and liabilities are held for trading if they are either acquired to generate profit from short-term fluctuations in price or dealer's margin or they are a part of the portfolio characterized by generating short-term profit. The Fund also has balances due on demand from credit institutions; however, considering the short-term structure and credit ratings, the allowances for expected credit losses are not material.

Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

Fair value is the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an arm's length transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal market, or in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Company has access at that date. The fair value of liabilities reflects the risk of default.

When possible, the Company measures the fair value of the Fund's financial instruments using the price of the respective financial instrument quoted in an active market. A market is regarded active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Securities are revaluated based on the bid prices available from Bloomberg and NASDAQ OMX Riga financial information. Securities purchase and sales transactions are recognized at the settlement date. The acquisition cost is measured using the FIFO (first in, first out) method.

If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the Company uses valuation techniques that maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction.

As regards initial recognition, the best evidence of fair value is the transaction price, i.e., the fair value of remuneration given or received. If the Company determines that the fair value at initial recognition differs from the transaction price and the fair value is evidenced neither by the quoted market price of an identical asset or liability in an active market, nor by results of assessment methods that use only observable data, the financial instrument is initially carried at fair value which is adjusted to reflect the difference between the fair value at initial recognition and the transaction price. Later this difference is recognized in the statement of income and expensed, taking into account the instrument's expected useful life, but no later than the time when the value may be fully justified by observable market data or when the transaction is completed.

Financial asset and financial liability portfolios that are exposed to market risk and credit risk, managed by the Fund based on the net exposure to either market risk or credit risk, are assessed taking into account the price which would be paid for the sale of the net long position (or paid to transfer net short position) for particular risks. These portfolio-



level adjustments are allocated to individual assets and liabilities based on relative risk adjustments related to each of the individual instruments in the portfolio.

The description of the methods used in determining the fair value by 3 levels based on the level of the observable inputs used in the valuation techniques is provided below.

Level 1 represents financial instruments whose fair value is determined based on stock exchange prices quoted in an active market. This category generally includes equity instruments, debt instruments, short-term bonds and standardized derivatives whose value is assessed using stock exchange price quotes. Securities that are traded in active OTC markets are also included in this category.

Level 2 represents financial instruments whose fair value is determined by using available market data such as prices for similar financial instruments that have been traded in market transactions. This category generally includes less liquid debt instruments and derivatives that are measured based on available market data. The price of less liquid debt securities is adjusted by the difference between the available yield rates.

Level 3 represents financial instruments whose fair value is determined using available market data and the Company's internal estimates.

The Company recognizes changes in the fair value hierarchy level for instruments at the end of the reporting period in which the changes have occurred. Compared to the previous year, there have been no changes in the fair value hierarchy.

Financial asset and financial liability portfolios that are exposed to market risk and credit risk, which for the Fund are managed by the Company, based on the net exposure to either market risk or credit risk, are assessed taking into account the price that would be paid for the sale of the net long position (or paid to transfer net short position) for particular risks. These portfolio-level adjustments are allocated to individual assets and liabilities based on relative risk adjustments related to each of the individual instruments in the portfolio.

Taxes

The Fund's income is subject to taxes in the country where it has been generated. The Fund is not subject to corporate income tax of the Republic of Latvia.

New standards and interpretations

The standards as well as the requirements that came into force in 2021 and are implemented in these closing financial statements, are described below. Their implementation did not have a material impact on these closing financial statements. The Fund has not had any transactions affected by the new standards in force or its accounting policies already comply with the requirements of the new standards.

New requirements that entered into force in 2021 that did not have a material impact on the Fund u IFRS 16 Leases-Covid-19 Related Rent Concessions (Amendments)

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2 – IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 (Amendments)

Future requirements not yet in force from 1 January 2021

The EU has issued a number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations that are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021, but that have not yet been endorsed by the EU. They have not been applied in preparing these financial statements. The Company is not inclined towards their early adoption. The Company is in the process of evaluating the potential effect, if any, of the changes arising from these new standards and interpretations.

IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements; Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Amendments

IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and IFRS Practice Statement 2: Disclosure of Accounting policies (Amendments)

IAS 8 Accounting policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors: Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments)

IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments).

NOTE 3 DUE ON DEMAND FROM CREDIT INSTITUTIONS

	%	of the Fund's		% of the Fund's
		net assets		net assets
_	31.12.2021.	31.12.2021.	31.12.2020.	31.12.2020.
Due on demand from credit institutions,				
AS Citadele Banka	326,278	3.71%	145,699	2.99%
Total demand deposits with credit				
institutions	326,278	3.71%	145,699	2.99%
NOTE 4 SHARE CERTIFICATES OF IN	IVECTMENT CHAI	OC AND CIMIL AD	SECUDITIES	_
NOTE 4 SHARE CERTIFICATES OF III	NVESTIVIENT FUND	OS AND SIMILAR	SECURITIES	% of the
		% of the Fund's		Fund's net
		net assets		assets
	31.12.2021.	31.12.2021.	31.12.2020.	
Share certificates of investment funds and		01112120211	01112120201	01112120201
similar securities:				
Investment funds registered in other OECD				
countries	6,345,173	72.20%	3,616,256	74.31%
Investment funds registered in Latvia	2,125,347	24.19%	-,,	
Total share certificates of investment funds		24.1070	1,110,007	22.0270
and similar securities	8,470,520	96.39%	4,726,643	97.13%



All share certificates of investment funds and similar securities are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

As at 31 December 2021, all share certificates of investment funds and similar securities held by the Fund were not traded on regulated markets. Net asset value quotes of these instruments were given by the Fund Manager on a daily basis.

The following table presents the share certificates of investment funds and similar securities broken down by the issuer's country of origin as at 31 December 2021:

Financial instrument	ISIN code	Currency	Amount	Acquisition value (EUR)	Carrying amount 31.12.2021.	% of the Fund's net assets 31.12.2021.
Financial instruments not tra	ded on regulated	markets:		7,230,127	8,470,520	96.39%
Share certificates of investmen	t funds registere	d in Luxemb	urg:	3,275,192	3,929,189	44.71%
BlackRock Global Funds - US				-, -, -	-,,	
Dollar Bond Fund	LU1564327929	EUR	57,788	598,407	624,110	7.10%
Amundi Funds - Pioneer US						
Bond	LU1883851682	EUR	491	545,150	567,866	6.46%
GS Global CORE Equity	LU0280841296	EUR	16,200	314,762	542,538	6.17%
Schroder International Selection						
Fund - EURO Corporate Bond	LU0113258742	EUR	18,238	459,232	490,558	5.58%
Robeco Capital Growth Funds - High Yield Bonds	LU0227757233	EUR	1.705	400,674	434,383	4.94%
JPM US Aggregate Bond Fund	LU1432507090	EUR	4,118	410,372		4.92%
Morgan Stanley Investment	LU1432507090	EUR	4,116	410,372	431,990	4.92%
Funds - US Advantage Fund	LU0360484769	EUR	1,943	161,168	359,241	4.09%
Fundsmith Equity Fund Feeder	LU0690374029	EUR	4,503	260,684	274,788	3.13%
Robeco Capital Growth - US	L0003037 1 023	LOIX	4,505	200,004	214,100	3.1370
Premium Equities	LU0454739615	EUR	399	124,743	203,715	2.32%
Share certificates of investment	funds registered	in Ireland:		2,158,686	2,415,984	27.49%
PIMCO Funds Global Investors	J				, ,	
Series PLC - Total Return Bond						
Fund	IE0033989843	EUR	34,212	777,738	799,530	9.10%
PIMCO Funds Global Investors						
Series PLC - Global Investment	IE0000070007	ELID	00.075	000 000	700 400	0.040/
Grade Credit Fund	IE0032876397	EUR	36,075	688,233	733,406	8.34%
Vanguard Investment Series PLC - US 500 Stock Index Fund	IE0032126645	EUR	13,667	488,412	674,063	7.67%
PIMCO US High Yield Bond	120032120043	LOIX	13,007	400,412	07-4,000	7.0770
Fund	IE0032883534	EUR	6,576	204,303	208,985	2.38%
Share certificates of investmen	t funds reaistere	d in Latvia:	,	1,796,249	2,125,347	24.19%
CBL Global Emerging Markets	gg			-,,	_,, -	
Bond Fund R Acc EUR						
(hedged)	LV0000400828	EUR	54,823	597,273	640,335	7.29%
CBL European Leaders Equity						
Fund	LV0000400794	EUR	9,536	448,333	620,575	7.06%
CBL Eastern European Bond fund Class R Acc EUR (hedged)	LV0000400174	EUR	22,701	406,783	442,898	5.04%
CBL US Leaders Equity Fund R	∟ v 0000 4 00 i / 4	LUK	22,101	400,703	44 ∠,090	3.U 4 %
Acc EUR (hedged)	LV0000400992	EUR	32,907	343,860	421,539	4.80%
Total share certificates of inves			,	7,230,127	8,470,520	96.39%
Total Share ocitinoates of lives	Amont funds.			1,200,121	0,710,020	30.33 /0





The following table presents the share certificates of investment funds and similar securities broken down by the issuer's country of origin as at 31 December 2020:

Financial instrument	ISIN code	Currency	A mount	Acquisition value (EUR)	Carrying amount 31.12.2020.	% of the Fund's net assets 31.12.2020.
Financial instruments traded or			Amount	665,570	787,911	16.19%
Share certificates of investmen	t funds reaistered	d in Luxembu	ıra:	665,570	787,911	16.19%
GS Global CORE Equity	LU0280841296	EUR	16,200	314,762	406,944	8.36%
JPM US Aggregate Bond Fund	LU1432507090	EUR	3,547	•	380,967	7.83%
Financial instruments not trade			-,-	3,272,954	3,938,732	80.94%
Share certificates of investmen			urg:	1,438,975	1,825,668	37.51%
Morgan Stanley Investment	· ·		Ū			
Funds - US Advantage Fund	LU0360484769	EUR	1,943	161,168	379,060	7.79%
Amundi Funds - Pioneer US	1114000054000	EUD	005	040.057	0.40.705	7.000/
Bond Schroder International Selection	LU1883851682	EUR	295	316,057	343,725	7.06%
Fund - EURO Corporate Bond	LU0113258742	EUR	10,963	262,833	296,812	6.10%
BlackRock Global Funds - US			. 0,000	_0_,000		0070
Dollar Bond Fund	LU1564327929	EUR	25,165	243,494	278,073	5.71%
Robeco Capital Growth - US						
Premium Equities	LU0454739615	EUR	724	223,780	271,311	5.58%
Robeco Capital Growth Funds - High Yield Bonds	LU0227757233	EUR	1,038	231,643	256,687	5.27%
Share certificates of investmen			1,000	966,259	1,110,387	22.82%
CBL Global Emerging Markets	i iulius registeret	a III Latvia.		300,233	1,110,307	22.02 /0
Bond Fund R Acc EUR						
(hedged)	LV0000400828	EUR	36,163	378,032	426,002	8.75%
CBL European Leaders Equity						
Fund	LV0000400794	EUR	7,465	323,909	379,872	7.81%
CBL Eastern European Bond fund Class R Acc EUR (hedged)	LV0000400174	EUR	15,592	264,318	304,513	6.26%
Share certificates of investment			10,002	867,720	1,002,677	20.61%
PIMCO Funds Global Investors	iulius registereu	iii ii eiaiiu.		007,720	1,002,077	20.0176
Series PLC - Total Return Bond						
Fund	IE0033989843	EUR	16,503	363,768	393,592	8.09%
PIMCO Funds Global Investors						
Series PLC - Global Investment	IE0000070007	EUD	47.000	005 770	050.040	7.000/
Grade Credit Fund Vanguard Investment Series	IE0032876397	EUR	17,299	305,770	359,648	7.39%
PLC - US 500 Stock Index Fund	IE0032126645	EUR	7,096	198,182	249,437	5.13%
Total share certificates of inves		20.1	.,000	3,938,524	4,726,643	97.13%
Total Shale continuates of lives	Amont lanas.			3,330,024	-T,1 20,0-TJ	31.13/0

As the Company does not have sufficiently detailed information on the assets of the investment funds managed by financial institutions on behalf of investors, these assets have not been analysed as to their actual issuer.

The following table shows the distribution of the Fund's securities portfolio by investment objects.

3		% of the Fund's				
	31.12.2021.	net assets 31.12.2021.	31.12.2020.	assets 31.12.2020.		
Equity funds	3,096,459	35.24%	1,686,624	34.66%		
Bond funds	5,374,061	61.15%	3,040,019	62.47%		
Total portfolio:	8,470,520	96.39%	4,726,643	97.13%		

NOTE 5 ACCRUED EXPENSES

	<u>31.12.2021.</u>	31.12.2020.
Accrued expenses for investment management company fees	6,906	4,015
Accrued expenses for custodian fees	1,309	761
Accrued expenses for professional services	1,029	1,125
Total accrued expenses	9,244	5,901



NOTE 6 REALIZED INCREASE IN INVESTMENT VALUE

	31.12.2021.	31.12.2020.
Proceeds from sale of investments in the reporting period*	126,935	1,693,592
Cost of investments sold during the reporting period	(99,037)	(1,343,064)
Appreciation/(depreciation)/ of sold investments recognized in prior reporting		
years	(22,757)	(279,524)
Total realized increase in investment value	5,141	71,004

^{*} Proceeds from sales (disposal) of investments in the reporting period are recognized based on the exchange rate effective at the security acquisition date.

NOTE 7 UNREALIZED INCREASE IN INVESTMENT VALUE

	31.12.2021.	31.12.2020.
From share certificates of investment funds and similar securities	475,033	393,812
Total unrealized increase in investment value	475,033	393,812

NOTE 8 CHANGES IN INVESTMENTS

The following table shows the changes in investments in 2021:

Č	31.12.2020.	Increase during the reporting period	Decrease during the reporting period*	Fair value adjustment	31.12.2021.
Financial assets at fair	value through	-		-	
profit or loss					
Share certificates of					
investment funds and					
similar securities	4,726,643	3,390,639	(126,935)	480,173	8,470,520
Total investments	4,726,643	3,390,639	(126,935)	480,173	8,470,520

^{*} Decrease during the reporting period is carried at the exchange rate at the date of sale of investments. This position includes proceeds from sales and disposal of investments.

The following table shows the changes in investments in 2020:

	31.12.2019.	Increase during the reporting period	Decrease during the reporting period*	Fair value adjustment	31.12.2020.
Financial assets at fair v profit or loss	alue through				
Share certificates of investment funds and					
similar securities	5,786,819	168,600	(1,693,592)	464,816	4,726,643
Total investments	5,786,819	168,600	(1,693,592)	464,816	4,726,643

^{*} Decrease during the reporting period is carried at the exchange rate at the date of sale of investments. This position includes proceeds from sales and disposal of investments.

NOTE 9 PLEDGED ASSETS

In the reporting period, the Fund has neither issued any assurances or guarantees nor has it pledged or encumbered any assets.

NOTE 10 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The management of the investment management company believes that the carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities correspond to their fair values. The fair value is determined using market quotes, based on the information published by stock exchanges and brokerage companies as well as the daily net asset quotes provided by the Fund Managers. All financial assets held by the Fund correspond to Level 1 of the fair valuation hierarchy.

NOTE 11 RISK MANAGEMENT

Investment process risk can be defined as a probability of undesirable outcome that may materialize in a given market economy in a given period. Risk management is described as risk identification, measurement and its possible prevention. The investment process can be affected by the exchange rate risk, interest rate risk, risk of price changes as well as credit risk, liquidity risk and other risks, including operational risk. The investment strategy of the Fund is aimed at minimizing the aforementioned risks; however, the Company cannot guarantee that these risks can be completely avoided in the future.

Risk management framework

Risk identification and measurement is a responsibility of an independent unit - the Risk Management Department of the Company, which develops and presents the information on risk profile to the Fund Manager. The Fund Manager can make certain decisions on the necessity to reduce existing or potential risks.



Risk measurement process employs models that are developed by the company, are based on historical data and are adjusted according to the economic situation. Certain models are also used to predict the financial risk factor changes under both normal and exceptional financial market circumstances.

The Manager of Investment Fund follows risk diversification and hedging principles whose objective is to reduce the investment risk that are developed in accordance with the Management Policy. When making investments on the Fund's account, the Company obtains sufficient information on potential or acquired investment objects as well as supervises financial and economic position of issuers of the securities in which the Fund's property has been or is to be invested.

When developing the Fund's investment strategy and setting risk limits, the Company performs an analysis of the Fund's distribution of maturity, geographic location and types of currency investments by assessing the risk level for each of these factors. The Company acts in strict compliance with the Prospectus of the Fund, Fund Management Regulations, as well as regulations and restrictions prescribed in laws and regulations of the Republic of Latvia.

Market risk

Market risk is the probability that the Fund's value may decrease when any of the market factors changes, for example, in case of changes in interest rates (interest rate risk), prices of securities (price risk), foreign currency exchange rates (foreign currency risk) or other market risk factors. The assessment of each of these market risk sources is provided below, however, they cannot be fully diversified.

Interest rate risk

Securities price risk for fixed income securities (bonds) largely depends on market interest rate fluctuations and changes in the issuer credit quality. Market interest rate changes affect the attractiveness of securities in the most direct manner, as substantially it is an alternative source of interest income. If market interest rates are growing, the prices of fixed income securities fall and vice versa. On the other hand, the increase (decrease) in market interest rates have a positive (negative) effect on the coupon rates of fixed income securities with a variable interest rate (when the coupon is fixed as a base rate - such as Euribor or Libor plus an additional margin). After revaluation (moment starting from which a new interest rate will be applied) the coupon yield for such financial instruments increases (decreases), resulting in increase (decrease) of the interest income.

In the fund selection process, based on the forecasts about the development of the fixed income instruments market, the Fund Manager considers the main interest rate risk indicator to be the duration of the Fund that cannot be accurately calculated as information on its components is not published at the same time (the lag is 3 months or more).

Price risk

Changes in prices of equity securities (shares) depend on two variables - changes in the respective national stock index (for the Latvia these are changes in the stock market index - RIGSE) and the financial position of the particular issuer (in terms of capacity to generate profit), which in turn affects the fluctuations of the balance of supply and demand. The first variable is also often referred to as systematic risk; whereas the second - as specific risk.

The systemic risk is managed based on forecasts regarding the overall economic development in the specific geographical region and the potential economic development of the industry. The specific risk is managed on the basis of detailed analysis of the issuer's financial situation and capacity to generate profit as well as other factors affecting the price of the security mainly based on the reports published by the issuer, information in the mass media etc. Here the focus is on both price volatility (deviations) and their correlations. As a result, it is possible to calculate the overall price risk of the portfolio securities, taking into account their historical yield.

In the fund selection process, the Fund Manager, based on the forecasts on the development of certain regions and sectors, chooses the funds that are most appropriate for the Fund's strategy. It is not possible to accurately calculate the sensitivity of the Fund to the changes in certain market indices as information on its components is not published at the same time (the lag is 3 months or more).

The risk of market price fluctuations was calculated as a standard deviation in the respective period. The standard deviation in the reference index values of the relevant investment fund category was used in the price volatility risk calculations.

2021	deviation in the reference index	Carrying amount	Potential negative effect on the current year profit	Potential positive effect on the current year profit	% of the Fund's net assets*
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Incl.: shares certificates of investment funds:					
Equity funds	15.00%	3,096,459	(464,469)	464,469	5.29%
Bond funds	10.00%	5,374,061	(537,406)	537,406	6.12%
Total:		8,470,520	(1,001,875)	1,001,875	11.41%

^{*} Net carrying amount of investment funds assets is disclosed as percentage of the Fund's net assets.

Ctondord



The risk of market price fluctuations was calculated as a standard deviation in 2020. The standard deviation of the reference index values of the relevant investment fund category was used in the price volatility risk calculations.

2020	deviation in the reference index	Carrying amount	Potential negative effect on the current year profit	Potential positive effect on the current year profit	% of the Fund's net assets*
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Incl.: shares certificates of investment funds:					
Equity funds	35.00%	1,686,624	(590,318)	590,318	12.13%
Bond funds	30.00%	3,040,019	(912,006)	912,006	18.74%
Total:		4,726,643	(1,502,324)	1,502,324	30.87%

^{*} Net carrying amount of investment funds assets is disclosed as percentage of the Fund's net assets.

The following table shows the geographical profile of the Fund's assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2021, based on the countries of registration of the funds.

ŭ		Other OECD	
	Latvia	countries	Total
Assets			
Due on demand from credit institutions	326,278	-	326,278
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			
Share certificates of investment funds and similar securities	2,125,347	6,345,173	8,470,520
Total assets	2,451,625	6,345,173	8,796,798
Liabilities			
Accrued expenses	(9,244)	-	(9,244)
Total liabilities	(9,244)	-	(9,244)
Net assets	2,442,381	6,345,173	8,787,554

The following table shows the geographical profile of the Fund's assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2020, based on the countries of registration of the funds.

	Other OECD		
	Latvia	countries	Total
Assets			
Due on demand from credit institutions	145,699	-	145,699
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			
Share certificates of investment funds and similar securities	1,110,387	3,616,256	4,726,643
Total assets	1,256,086	3,616,256	4,872,342
Liabilities			
Accrued expenses	(5,901)	-	(5,901)
Total liabilities	(5,901)	-	(5,901)
Net assets	1,250,185	3,616,256	4,866,441

The following table shows the breakdown of the Fund's net assets by countries:

· ·	Carrying	·		% of the Fund's net
	amount %	of the Fund's net assets	Carrying amount	assets
Country	31.12.2021.	31.12.2021.	31.12.2020.	31.12.2020.
Luxemburg	3,929,189	44.71%	2,613,579	53.70%
Ireland	2,415,984	27.49%	1,250,185	25.69%
Latvia	2,442,381	27.80%	1,002,677	20.61%
Total	8,787,554	100.00%	4,866,441	100.00%

Foreign currency risk

In the reporting period, the Fund's assets were only placed in its base currency; as a result, the Fund was not exposed to any foreign currency risk and exchange rate fluctuations did not affect the value of the Fund.

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the probability that the value of the Fund may decrease if the Fund's counterparty or the issuer of debt securities is unable or refuses to meet the obligations. Consequently, only safe counterparties with a good reputation are selected when performing transactions with the Fund's assets. The Fund Manager regularly monitors the solvency of the Fund's counterparties, analyses their credit rating, financial situation and information in mass media.

The Fund's asset credit quality is managed based on the international rating agencies Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch credit ratings. In addition, issuers' financial statements, financial position and future prospects are also analysed.



The cash balance is kept at AS Citadele banka. On 13 September 2021, the international credit rating agency Moody's upgraded AS Citadele banka's credit rating to Baa2 with a stable outlook.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk can occur if the Fund has difficulty in meeting its financial obligations. The Fund Manager strives to maintain such asset structure which ensures a possibility of selling securities in due time and with no significant losses.

For liquidity assessment, the balances of assets and liabilities are presented according to their remaining repayment, settlement or redemption terms.

The following table shows the maturity profile of the Fund's assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2021.

	Up to 1 month	1-6 months	Indefinite	Total
Assets				
Due on demand from credit institutions	326,278	-	-	326,278
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Share certificates of investment funds and similar				
securities	-	-	8,470,520	8,470,520
Total assets	326,278	-	8,470,520	8,796,798
Liabilities				
Accrued expenses	(8,215)	(1,029)	-	(9,244)
Total liabilities	(8,215)	(1,029)	-	(9,244)
Net assets	318,063	(1,029)	8,470,520	8,787,554
Net position, %	3.62%	(0.01%)	96.39%	100.00%

The following table shows the maturity profile of the Fund's assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2020.

	Up to 1 month	1-6 months	Indefinite	Total
Assets				
Due on demand from credit institutions	145,699	-	-	145,699
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Share certificates of investment funds and similar				
securities	-	-	4,726,643	4,726,643
Total assets	145,699	-	4,726,643	4,872,342
Liabilities				
Accrued expenses	(4,776)	(1,125)	-	(5,901)
Total liabilities	(4,776)	(1,125)	-	(5,901)
Net assets	140,923	(1,125)	4,726,643	4,866,441
Net position, %	2.89%	(0.02%)	97.13%	100.00%

NOTE 12 INFORMATION ON THE FUND'S SHARE CERTIFICATE HOLDERS

The following table shows the proportion of the share certificates held by the Company's related parties and other investors to the total number of the share certificates issued:

	31.12.2021.	% of the total number 31.12.2021.	31.12.2020.	% of the total number 31.12.2020.
Share certificates held by related parties	582,754	86.43%	373,774	94.05%
Share certificates held by third parties	91,500	13.57%	23,626	5.95%
The number of share certificates issued at the end of the reporting period	674,254	100.00%	397,400	100.00%

NOTE 13 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The majority of the Fund's investments are acquired through the custodian bank. The custodian bank receives a fee, which is disclosed in the statement of income and expenses; the cash of the Fund is also placed with AS Citadele banka (see Note 3).

Remuneration paid to the investment management company in the reporting year is disclosed in the statement of income and expenses.

In the reporting period, the Fund's investments in investment funds managed by the related investment management company totalled EUR 2,125,347, while as at 31 December 2020 the respective amount was EUR 1,110,387.

In 2021, the related parties made transactions with the Fund's share certificates (see Note 12). In 2021, the related parties bought 215,666 and sold 6,686 share certificates. In 2020, the related parties bought 22,418 and sold 182,740 share certificates.

Purchase and re-selling transactions of the Fund's share certificates are calculated taking into account only the share certificates held by those which have been classified as related parties of the Fund in 2021 and 2020.



NOTE 14 PERFORMANCE DYNAMICS OF THE INVESTMENT FUND

	31.12.2021.	31.12.2020.	31.12.2019.
Net assets (EUR)	8,787,554	4,866,441	6,114,621
Number of share certificates	674,254	397,400	544,223
Value of the unit of the Fund	13.03	12.25	11.24
Fund return*	6.37%	8.99%	11.40%

^{*} Return is calculated, assuming there are 365 days in a year.

NOTE 15 EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

As of the last day of the reporting year until the date of signing these financial statements, a rapid escalation of geopolitical tension in Eastern Europe took place, escalating into the Russian invasion of Ukraine in the second half of February. At the time of preparing these financial statements, war continues in Ukraine, there are no signs of deescalation, and uncertainty is enormous. However, it is already possible to foresee that developments in and around Ukraine (sanctions against Russia, recent energy price spikes that are likely to occur also in the future, etc.) will have a negative impact on global economic growth rates, it will maintain heightened volatility in financial markets and adversely affect investor sentiment.

As of the last day of the reporting year until the date of signing these financial statements there have been no other significant events of material impact on the financial position of the Fund.



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Independent Auditors' Report

To the shareholders of investment fund "CBL Opportunities Funds" Sub-fund "CBL Optimal Opportunities Fund – EUR"

Report on the audit of financial statements

Our opinion on the financial statements

We have audited the financial statements of investment fund 'CBL Opportunities Funds' Sub-fund 'CBL Optimal Opportunities Fund – EUR' ("the Fund") managed by IPAS 'CBL Asset Management' ("the Asset Manager") as set out on pages 9 to 22 of the accompanying Annual Report. The accompanying financial statements include:

- Overview of assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2021,
- Report on income and expenses for the year then ended,
- Statement of changes to net assets for the year then ended,
- Statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of investment fund "CBL Opportunities Funds' Sub-fund 'CBL Optimal Opportunities Fund – EUR' as at 31 December 2021, and of its financial performance and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union.

Basis for Opinion

In accordance with the 'Law on Audit Services' of the Republic of Latvia we conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (hereinafter – ISAs) adopted in the Republic of Latvia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Fund and the Fund Manager in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants and the independence requirements included in the 'Law on Audit Services' of the Republic of Latvia that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the Republic of Latvia. We have also fulfilled our other professional ethics responsibilities and objectivity requirements in accordance with the IESBA Code and the 'Law on Audit Services' of the Republic of Latvia.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Reporting on Other Information

The management of the Asset Manager is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises:

- Information about the investment fund, as set out on page 3 of the accompanying Annual Report,
- Investment Management Companies Report, as set out on pages 4 and 5 of the accompanying Annual Report.
- Report on the implementation of the engagement policy, presented on page 6 of the accompanying Annual Report
- Statement of responsibility of the board of the Asset Manager, as set out on page 7 of the accompanying Annual Report.
- Custodian Bank Report, as set out on page 8 of the accompanying Annual Report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information included in the Annual Report, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon, except as described in the Other Reporting Responsibilities in Accordance with the Legislation of the Republic of Latvia related to Other Information section of our report.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed and in light of the knowledge and understanding of the Fund Manager and Fund and its environment obtained in the course of our audit, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Other Reporting Responsibilities in Accordance with the Legislation of the Republic of Latvia Related to Other Information

In addition, in accordance with the 'Law on Audit Services' of the Republic of Latvia, our responsibility is to express an opinion on whether the Asset Manager's Report is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Regulation No. 181 'Regulation on the preparation of annual reports, consolidated annual reports and interim reports of an investment fund and open alternative investment fund' issued by the Financial and Capital Market Commission ("Regulation No. 181").

Based solely on the work required to be undertaken in the course of our audit, in our opinion:

- the information presented in the Asset Manager's Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Asset Manager's Report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Regulation No. 181 of the Financial and Capital Market Commission of the Republic of Latvia.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, the management of the Fund Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Fund Manager management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so

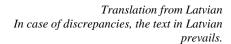
Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Asset Manager's internal control;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund Manager to cease Fund to continue as a going concern;
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves a fair presentation.





We communicate with those charged with governance of the Fund and the Asset Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

KPMG Baltics SIA

Licence No. 55

Rainers Vilāns Partner pp KPMG Baltics SIA Sworn auditor Certificate No. 200 Riga, Latvia 29 April 2022

This report is an English translation of the original Latvian. In the event of discrepancies between the two reports, the Latvian version prevails